Dual Frequency CPW Fractal Antenna for Wireless Applications

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Abstract— A Co-planar wave guide fed rectangular ring antenna for WiFi and 5G applications is proposed in this paper. The operating frequency of the antenna is centered at two frequencies i.e 2.52GHz and 3.65GHz which are in S-band frequency spectrum. The main radiator is rectangular ring for whose inner corners are smoothed. The similar structure of the main radiator is etched from the ground plane making the proposed technique a fractal. For the proposed antenna FR4 laminate is used as substrate and a line feed is used to provide excitation. To achieve the high wide bandwidth we have implemented the fractal technique. The antenna size is 60mm×60mm×1.6mm and is radiating in the frequency range of 2.27GHz to 2.67GHz covering 400MHz of bandwidth and 3.5GHz to 3.82GHz covering 320MHz of bandwidth.

Keywords— WiFi, 5G, Fractal, Dual band Applications.

I. INTRODUCTION

To meet the requirement of the modern communication systems the need for antennas with considerable gain and wide bandwidth of operation is increasing day by day and it has become a challenge for the designers to achieve wide bandwidth resonance with a considerable gain. For Ku band applications compactness is a very essential parameter so that the antenna can be carried easily and can be integrated into any system used for various applications.

In [1] an antenna with wideband resonance has been proposed where the patch has been shorted with the ground using a via for getting wideband resonance but the antenna is fed with a coaxial feed line which will have low radiation efficiency because of the surface waves produced by the feed pin as the feed pin passes through the substrate material. In [2] an antenna with two radiating elements placed on one another using stacked patch technique has been proposed where the authors used two feeds to excite two patches for achieving wideband resonance. But this technique needs two transmitter circuits which will affect the cost of the system and also the size is very high. In [3] an antenna etched with truncations in the corners has been proposed to achieve wideband resonance but due to the irregular slots in patch the antenna pattern is not uniform and the power coming out from the antenna is not uniform over the entire region.

In this paper, A Co-planar wave guide fed rectangular ring antenna for WiFi and 5G applications is proposed.

II. PROPOSED ANTENNA DESIGN

Proposed is a Co-planar wave guide fed rectangular ring antenna for WiFi and 5G applications is proposed in this paper. The operating frequency of the antenna is centered at two frequencies i.e 2.52GHz and 3.65GHz which are in S-band frequency spectrum. The main radiator is rectangular ring for whose inner corners are smoothed. The similar structure of the main radiator is etched from the ground plane making the proposed technique a fractal. For the proposed antenna FR4 laminate is used as substrate and a line feed is used to provide excitation. To achieve the high wide bandwidth we have implemented the fractal technique. The antenna size is 60mm×60mm×1.6mm and is radiating in the frequency range of 2.27GHz to 2.67GHz covering 400MHz of bandwidth and 3.5GHz to 3.82GHz covering 320MHz of bandwidth. The optimized dimensions of the antenna are given as A=60mm, B=60mm, C=4mm, D=37mm, E=22mm, F=5mm as shown in the figure 1 below.

![Antenna Model](image)

**Fig. 1. Antenna Model**

To achieve the high wide bandwidth we have implemented the fractal technique. The main radiator is rectangular ring for whose inner corners are smoothed. The similar structure of the main radiator is etched from the ground plane making the proposed technique a fractal.
III. RESULTS

The performance of the antenna is measured by analyzing various parameters which includes impedance matching and radiation characteristics. Under impedance matching we will verify two parameters namely return loss also called as $S_{11}$ and Voltage standing wave ratio which is simply called as VSWR. [4-7]. From Figure 3 below we can see that the antenna is radiating in the frequency range of 2.27GHz to 2.67GHz covering 400MHz of bandwidth and 3.5GHz to 3.82GHz covering 320MHz of bandwidth.

From Figure 4 below we can see that the antenna is radiating in the frequency range of 2.27GHz to 2.67GHz covering 400MHz of bandwidth and 3.5GHz to 3.82GHz covering 320MHz of bandwidth.

Proposed antenna is having a gain of 3.98dB and 4.33dB at 2.52GHz and 3.65GHz respectively which are shown in the figures 4,5 below.

The far field radiation characteristics at the two center frequencies of 2.52GHz and 3.65GHz are shown below in Figures 7 and 8. To analyze the radiation characteristics of the antenna we need to check both the elevation plane and azimuthal planes. Both the patterns are having uniform distribution of the power in different theta angles without any nulls which is very essential for the wireless applications for proper planning of the antenna coverage area.
IV. CONCLUSION

A Co-planar wave guide fed rectangular ring antenna for WiFi and 5G applications is proposed. The operating frequency of the antenna is centered at two frequencies i.e 2.52GHz and 3.65GHz which are in S-band frequency spectrum. The main radiator is rectangular ring for whose inner corners are smoothed. The similar structure of the main radiator is etched from the ground plane making the proposed technique a fractal. For the proposed antenna FR4 laminate is used as substrate and a line feed is used to provide excitation. To achieve the high wide bandwidth we have implemented the fractal technique. The antenna size is 60mm×60mm×1.6mm and is radiating in the frequency range of 2.27GHz to 2.67GHz covering 400MHz of bandwidth and 3.5GHz to 3.82GHz covering 320MHz of bandwidth.

REFERENCES


