

Sensor Data Collection and Its Architecture with Internet of Things

RR Karthikeyan, B Raghu

Abstract -Sensors are gadgets, which can screen temperature, moistness, weight, commotion levels, setting mindfulness, lighting condition and identify speed, position, and size of an Object. Sensor information are getting accumulated in gigantic amount thus they are overseen utilizing NOSQL. The information will be gathered in an IOT cloud stage where it will be additionally prepared with machine learning methods for prescient examination. What's more, eventually with the required answer for the business structure will be created. This paper explain the proposed system for IoT data collection with AWS (Amazon Web Service) cloud platform. Various system components like Kinesis stream, M2M platform, Notification service and secured IoT service layout. The complete BMS system architecture is detailed in this paper.

Key words: sensors, cloud, IoT (Internet of things), Business intelligence, machine learning.

I. INTRODUCTION

Sensors are commonly utilized for estimating and detailing some Properties of nature in which they are introduced, For example, the temperature, weight, and stickiness, radiation, or gas levels. Generally these estimations are gathered and put away in a type of an information store and afterward are prepared to find any phenomenal circumstances. In any case, in such cases applications where huge quantities of sensors are installed, the measure of information to be documented and prepared turns into a noteworthy issue.

Since when the volume of the information surpasses a few gigabytes customary relational databases either don't bolster such volumes or face execution issues. Putting away and questioning extremely substantial volumes of information require extra assets; now and then database bunches are introduced for this reason. Be that as it may, capacity and recovery are by all account not the only issue; the genuine bottleneck is the capacity to analyze the enormous information volumes and concentrate helpful data, for example, framework shortcomings and symptomatic information. Sensors are utilized in mission critical applications without a doubt or close continuous intervention Traditional information stockpiling and investigation approaches come up short to meet the desires for new sorts of sensor application areas where the volume and speed of the information develop in extraordinary rates. Therefore, it ends up important to adjust new advancements, in particular, enormous information advances, to be able to adapt to these issues. to improve and institutionalize the personal satisfaction of its inhabitants, through the arrangement of various administrations, for example, telehealth, media amusement and vitality protection".

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IoT empowers associations among individuals, objects, and networks by means of remote sensors. NoSQL databases, generally open source, can be isolated into following classifications.

(I) Key-Value Stores. These database frameworks store values indexed by keys. Instances of this classification are Redis, Project Voldemort, Riak, and Tokyo Cabinet.

(ii) Document Stores. These database frameworks store and organize accumulations of reports, in which each report is relegated an exceptional key. Precedents of this classification is Amazon SimpleDB, MongoDB, and CouchDB.

(iii) Wide-Column Stores. These database frameworks, also called extensible record stores, store information tables of extensible records that can be apportioned vertically and on a level plane over various hubs. Instances of this classification is HBase, Cassandra, and HyperTable.

Sensors are conveyed pervasively and are ceaselessly catching information. In the wake of getting information, it will send the reaction to the controller to execute the following procedure. Each reaction the equivalent is put away in the information in the NOSQL databases like dynamoDB, cosmosDB, mongoDB and so forth. The information which is put away in the database is sent to information purging action. Information purging assumes a crucial job before we could get a progressively substantial information.

A couple of steps that can help in uniting the client information keep up clean database are as per the following:

After the effective procedure of information cleaning later it is additionally put away to cloud stages, for example, sky blue IOT cloud, IBM Watson, amazon web services(AWS) and so on. Information caught inside the IOT cloud stage is prepared. In cloud stage every one of the structures are accessible like database, server, virtual machine, machine learning stages, and so on database will store all the significant data and will bolster it to machine learning stage where it will fabricate a model for executing prescient investigation.

II. PROPOSED SYSTEM:

Proposed building automation system to collect the sensor data with the help of controller is explained in detail as below, after data collection it is passing via cloud platform and finally provide useful dash board and alert monitoring system.

[a]Sensors: - Different sorts of sensor, for example, inhabitation sensor, inactive infrared sensor, temperature sensor, and so forth will be utilized to catch the earth information.

Sensors are embedded in objects or the physical environment to capture information and events.



Sensor Data Collection and Its Architecture with Internet of Things

[b]Building Management system or Building Automation System: -

Building automation is the automatic centralized control of a building's heating, ventilation and air conditioning (HVAC), Lighting and other systems through a Building Management System or Building Automation System (BAS).

BAS is designed to monitor and control the mechanical, security, fire and flood safety, lighting (especially emergency lighting), HVAC and humidity control and ventilation systems in a building.

BAS core functionality keeps building climate within a specified range, provides light to rooms based on an occupancy schedule (in the absence of overt switches to the contrary), monitors performance and device failures in all systems, and provides malfunction alarms to building maintenance staff.

BAS Controllers: Controllers are purpose-built computers with input and output capabilities. These controllers come in a range of sizes and capabilities to control devices commonly found in buildings and to control sub-networks of controllers.

- Inputs capabilities allow a controller to read temperatures, humidity, pressure, current flow, air flow, and other essential factors.
- The outputs capabilities allow the controller to send command and control signals to slave devices, and to other parts of the system. Inputs and outputs can be either digital or analog. Digital outputs are also sometimes called discrete depending on manufacturer.

A BAS should reduce building energy and maintenance costs compared to a non-controlled building.

BMS (Building Management System) protocols:

Controller stage as the building computerization framework (BAS) information coordination stage used to screen the relevant information focuses from the different BA open conventions protocols (e.g., BACnet, KNX, LON, Modbus, and so on.). The controller stage can both screen and control associated information focuses, anyway the controller is for checking purposes to observe pertinent gadget state interchanges, sensor readings and cautions.

[c]Cloud stage: - Cloud gives different administrations, for example, private cloud administrations, virtual machines, web

facilitating stage, machine learning stage, and database stage. Private cloud administration will give a protected server which will absolutely kept up by the seller.

Cloud platform with AWS (Amazon Web Service) should have the following components for proper data collection and pattern processing.

- 1) **Kinesis Stream processing**
- 2) **Data processing**
- 3) **Generate reports**
- 4) **Pattern matching and machine learning**

Kinesis Stream processing:

Kinesis makes it simple to gather, process, and break down continuous, gushing information so any one can get convenient bits of knowledge and respond rapidly to new data. Kinesis offers key abilities to cost-adequately process spilling information at any scale, alongside the adaptability to pick the apparatuses that best suit the prerequisites of any application.

With Kinesis, application can ingest constant information, for example, video, sound, application logs, site clickstreams, and IoT telemetry information for machine learning, examination, and different applications. Kinesis empowers to process and dissect information as it arrives and react quickly as opposed to holding up until every one of the information is gathered before the preparing can start. Spilling Data will be information that is created ceaselessly by a large number of information sources, which ordinarily send in the information records all the while, and in little sizes (request of Kilobytes). Gushing information incorporates a wide assortment of information, for example, log records produced by clients utilizing the versatile or web applications, online business buys, in-diversion player action, and data from interpersonal organizations, monetary exchanging floors, or geospatial administrations, and telemetry from associated gadgets or instrumentation in server farms. This information should be prepared consecutively and steadily on a record-by-record premise or over sliding time windows, and utilized for a wide assortment of examination including connections, totals, separating, and inspecting the Data. Kinesis stream is used to collect and process large amount of data received from various buildings. This will provide the auto scalability of the IoT platform. OBIx doGet will put the data in Kinesis stream.

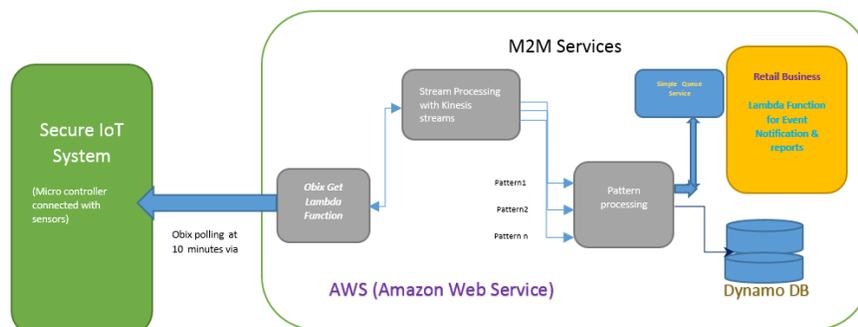


Figure 1: Proposed system using IoT services

The M2M Platform for data processing: It interfaces with and connects with each building's BMS gadget and collecting live sensor readings. The M2M stage quickly stores all information it gets and performs continuous example coordinating to recognize anything of potential criticalness from a protection point of view. Any alert or information design that is conceivably noteworthy outcomes in a constant call to the Insurance Business Services segment to figure out what to do.

The M2M platform immediately stores all data it receives and performs real-time pattern matching to identify anything of potential significance from an insurance perspective

Secure IoT Service

The Secure IoT Service is intended to be exceptionally secure and arranged to withstand ceaseless assault. The administration gives the capacity to the LTE Routers to associate BMS gadgets to interface with the M2M Platform safely.

Retail Business Services:

This part gives an administration transport and suite of administrations to approve and oversee store significant occasions just as intermittent assignments. Precedents include: Registration and upkeep of:

Clients, their Insurance contract ids and related exposures (structures and other property)

Beneficiary names and email delivers that should be incorporated into warning and every beneficiary's setup as far as what and when to inform Occasion preparing, risk related guidelines for various kinds of occasion identified with genuine or potential for flame, flood, upkeep disappointment.

Report and Notification Service:

The notice administration organizes and sends warning messages through email or SMS utilizing an assortment of business formats characterized for explicit kinds of beneficiary and message content. Protection Business Service rules which trigger the Notification administration indicate the business message, layout to utilize and beneficiary subtleties and discretionary report connection.

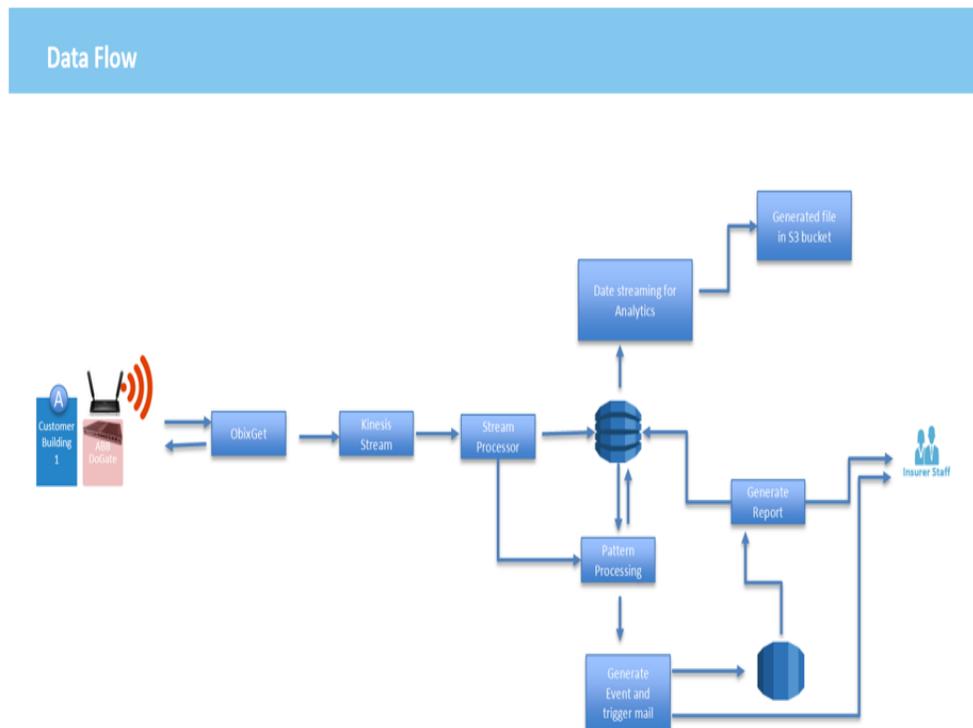
SQS business services bus will hold the processed data. These processed data will create different types of events and lambda function will handle different kinds of events and process that event. Based on the events the lambda function will send notification or create other event and send it to other service/application. This will also store data in RDS and generate report based on the event type.

SNS theme

There will be SNS theme for each standard example. For instance “WaterMeterReading”. The standard example names will be kept up in a different table. In Kinesis stream processor, information processor will peruse the sanctioned example and send a demand to SNS point related with authoritative mappings with Building data.

III.PROPOSED SYSTEM:

Data flow diagram for proposed system:



Stage 1. ObixGet surveys building side introduced BMS gadget for information.

Stage 2. Put collected sensor information in Kinesis stream

Stage 3. Stream processor get the information from stream and store it in DynamoDB

Stage 4. Stream Processor trigger an alert handling.

Stage 5. Create protection alert at applicable occasion and send letters to protection staff and store information in social database.

Stage 6. When information in embedded in DynamoDB, Data spilling rationale is activated which will make another document in S3 bucket in wanted arrangement.

Results on Pattern Processing:

S.No	Pattern Names	Description	Data Point Samples
1	Phase loss	Unusual controller/gateway behavior	@Phaseloss-60 1 1 S33 phasesupply@Ppresent-value
2	Emergency Power Fault	UPS or Generator fault	@EmergencySensorIndicator -60 1 1 I53 Generator Fault@Ppresent-value
3	Systems Air Temperature	Room temperature is too low or high	@Air_Hum_Sensor-60 1 1 S19 Supply Air Humidity 1@Ppresent-value

Sample Sensor readings from DynamoDb:

Data point value active indicates the phase supply is in “ON” stage and no issues, in case it should be treated as “OFF” when the equivalent sensor reading inactive. When the value is inactive, alert should be sent to indicate the phase loss anomaly and the issue should be solved by technician ASAP. The similar way is considered for Emergency Power fault.

When system air temperature more than 100, then the alert should be sent.

@Phaseloss-60 1 1 S33 phasesupply@Ppresent-value
Active
inactive
active

@EmergencySensorIndicator -60 1 1 I53 Generator Fault@Ppresent-value
active
inactive
active

@Air_Hum_Sensor-60 1 1 S19 Supply Air Humidity 1@Ppresent-value
61.5
52.69
52.69

IV. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK:

This experiment is focusing on the architecture design of an IoT System for sensor data collection. Whole system is based on AWS system which is internally a cloud platform. System is limited to three pattern processing.

Even though it is a server less architecture, system can be improved with container or Docker based Edge system to reduce the load on the cloud platform. There could be additional watchdog system to monitor the entire data collection system which will monitor the performance of the system and notify the stake holders on any critical situation. Any building where the system is deployed along with BMS may have more sensors or data points, only three sensors are explained or illustrated for better understanding.

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Dr. Raghu: About Twenty Two years of working experience in the field of Engineering & Technology and Education. Four years in IT Industry as marketing and software programmer.

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